

# CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

## Article I: Purpose

This conflict of interest policy is designed to foster public confidence in the integrity of Church Hill Preparatory Academy (the "School") and to protect the School's interest when it is contemplating entering a transaction (defined below) that might benefit the private interest of a director, a corporate officer, the top management or top financial official, or a key employee (defined below).

## Article II: Definitions

The following are considered *insiders* for the purposes of this policy:

1. Each member of the board of directors.
2. The president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, treasurer and chief financial officer, principal, each member of the board of directors on staff, staff directors and each or any person with the responsibilities of any of these positions (whether or not the person is an officer of the School under the organization's Bylaws and the Commonwealth's Code).
3. Any *key employee*, meaning an employee who (a) has responsibilities or influence over the School similar to that of officers, directors, or trustees; **or** (b) manages a program that represents 10% or more of the activities, assets, income, or expenses of the School; **or** (c) has or shares authority to control 10% or more of the School's capital expenditures, operating budget, or compensation for employees.

*Interest* means any commitment, investment, relationship, obligation, or involvement, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, that may influence a person's judgment, including receipt of compensation from the School, a sale, loan, or exchange transaction with the School.

A *conflict of interest* is present when, in the judgment of the board of directors, an insider's stake in the transaction is such that it reduces the likelihood that an insider's influence can be exercised impartially in the best interests of the School.

*Transaction* means any transaction, agreement, or arrangement between an insider and the School,

# **CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY**

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

or between the School and any third party where an insider has an interest in the transaction or any party to it. "Transaction does not include compensation arrangements between the School and a director, officer, or other insider that are wholly addressed under the School's Compensation Policy."

## **Article III: Procedures**

### *1. Duty to Disclose*

Each insider shall disclose to the Board all material facts regarding his or her interest in the transaction, promptly upon learning of the proposed transaction.

### *2. Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists*

With regard to an insider, the Board shall determine if a conflict of interest exists. The insider(s) and any other interested person(s) involved with the transaction shall not be present during the Board's discussion or determination of whether a conflict of interest exists, except as provided in Article IV below.

### *3. Procedures for Addressing a Conflict of Interest*

The Board shall follow the procedures set forth in Article IV in order to decide what measures are needed to protect the School's interests in light of the nature and seriousness of the conflict, to decide whether to enter into the transaction and, if so, to ensure that the terms of the transaction are appropriate.

## **Article IV: Review by the Board**

The board may ask questions of and receive presentation(s) from the insider(s) and any other interested person(s), but shall deliberate and vote on the transaction in their absence. The board shall ascertain that all material facts regarding the transaction and the insider's conflict of interest have been disclosed to the board and shall compile appropriate data, such as comparability studies, to determine fair market value for the transaction.

After exercising due diligence, which may include investigating alternatives that present no conflict, the board shall determine whether the transaction is in the School's best interest, for its own benefit,

# **CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY**

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

and whether it is fair and reasonable to the School; the majority of disinterested members of the board then in office may approve the transaction.

## **Article V: Records of Proceedings**

The minutes of any meeting of the board pursuant to this policy shall contain the name of each insider who disclosed or was otherwise determined to have an interest in a transaction; the nature of the interest and whether it was determined to constitute a conflict of interest; any alternative transactions considered; the members of the board who were present during the deliberations on the transaction, those who voted on it, and to what extent interested persons were excluded from the deliberations; any comparability data or other information obtained and relied upon by the board and how the information was obtained; and the result of the vote, including, if applicable, the terms of the transaction that was approved and the date it was approved.

## **Article VI: Annual Disclosure and Compliance Statements**

Each director, each corporate officer, the Principal, the top financial official, and each key employee of the School, shall annually sign a statement on the form attached, that:

- affirms that the person has received a copy of this conflict of interest policy, has read and understood the policy, and has agreed to comply with the policy; and
- discloses the person's financial interests and family relationships that could give rise to conflicts of interest.

## **Article VII: Violations**

If the board has reasonable cause to believe that an insider of the School has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, including those arising from a transaction with a related interested person, it shall inform such insider of the basis for this belief and afford the insider an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose. If, after hearing the insider's response and making further investigation as warranted by the circumstances, the board determines that the insider has failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, the board shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

# **CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY**

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

## **Article VIII: Annual Reviews**

To ensure that the School operates in a manner consistent with its status as an organization exempt from federal income tax, the board shall authorize and oversee an annual review of the administration of this conflict of interest policy. The review may be written or oral. The review shall consider the level of compliance with the policy, the continuing suitability of the policy, and whether the policy should be modified and improved.

*(Policy continued on next page)*

# CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

## CHURCH HILL PREPARATORY ACADEMY

### CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY: ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND FINANCIAL INTEREST DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

The Church Hill Preparatory Academy (the "School") follows a conflict of interest policy designed to foster public confidence in our integrity and to protect our interest when we are contemplating entering a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of a director, a corporate officer, our top management official and top financial official, or any of our key employees.

#### Part I. Acknowledgment of Receipt

I hereby acknowledge that I have received a copy of the conflict of interest policy of [Name], have read and understood it, and agree to comply with its terms.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Printed Name

# CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

## Part II. Disclosure of Financial Interests

We are required annually to file Form 990 with the Internal Revenue Service, and the form we file is available to the public. To complete Form 990 fully and accurately, we need each officer, director and key employee to disclose the information requested in this Part II.

A "conflict of interest," for purposes of Form 990, arises when a person in a position of authority over an School, such as an officer, director, or key employee, may benefit financially from a decision he or she could make in such capacity, including indirect benefits such as to family members or businesses

**Part II** Please check ONE of the following boxes:

My interests and relationships have not changed since my last disclosure of interests. [Proceed to signature block below. Do not complete the tables.]

**OR**

I hereby disclose or update my interests and relationships that could give rise to a conflict of interest: [Complete the table below. Use additional pages as needed.]

Family Relationships	Names of those presenting a potential conflict of interest
Include spouse/domestic partner, living ancestors, brothers and sisters (whether whole or half- blood), children (whether natural or adopted), grandchildren, great grandchildren, and spouses/ domestic partners of brothers, sisters, children, grandchildren, and great grandchildren	

  

Type of interest	Description of interest that could lead to a conflict of interest
Transactions or arrangements with the School	
Transactions or affiliations with other nonprofit Schools	
Substantial business or investment holdings	
Transactions or affiliations with businesses not listed above	

I am not aware of any financial interest involving me or a family member that could present a conflict of interest that I have not disclosed either above or in a previous disclosure statement.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Printed Name

with which the person is closely associated.

# CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Metropolitan Preparatory Academy

## Conflict of Interest: Definition and Examples

A conflict of interest is generally defined as a situation in which someone has differing or competing professional or personal interests, and do not necessarily have to involve monetary interests. Examples of conflicts of interest include:

- being a charter school trustee of more than one charter school at the same time;
- being paid by a charter school as an employee or contractor while serving as a school trustee;
- being a parent of a student of a charter school on whose board you sit, especially when making decisions related to your child's teachers; and
- being a charter school trustee while your spouse's company or employer is doing business with the charter school.

In many cases, conflicts can be waived as long as the trustee discloses the interests to the school board and recuses him or herself from voting when conflicted. In rare cases the conflict of interest will mandate that either one of the competing interests be given up. For example, a school trustee cannot work for a for-profit management company that manages the charter school's operations. [Source: *CSAS Board of Trustees Questionnaire*. NYC.gov]